

2010

“ ” “ ”

2010
2010 11 16

2010 11 19

9

9

5

0

0

2010 7 28

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()

1 /2 /3

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2

3

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6



1

2

1220

1220

A

38,700

3.2%

1100

120

9.8%

3

10.15 /

4

30

12

12

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6

4

T +12 T +30	40%
T +24 T +42	30%
T +36 T +48	30%

T +24 T +42	50%
T +36 T +48	50%

1

2

3

4

7

2010 2012 3



:	
:	
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:	
:	
:	
:	
	2005
	2005

		20	1.6%	0.05%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		15	1.2%	0.04%
		15	1.2%	0.04%
	-	225	18.4%	0.6%
103	-	875	71.7%	2.3%
		120	9.8%	0.3%
		1220	100%	3.2%

1 225

2 103

875

1%

1. 30

2. 2

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1

2

10

1

10

2

2

3

2

1

2

3

1

10.15 /

10.15

2

1

10.15 /

2

30

9.30

/

1

2

1

2

30

1

1

2

3

2

1

2

3

1

2

2010 2012 3

<i>2010</i>	<i>2010</i> <i>2.01</i> <i>12.5%</i>
<i>2011</i>	<i>2011</i> <i>2.27</i> <i>12.5%</i>
<i>2012</i>	<i>2012</i> <i>2.97</i> <i>12.5%</i>

20%



3

1

2

3

4

1

2

3

4

T +12 T +30	40%

T +24	T +42	30%
T +36	T +48	30%

T +24	T +42	50%
T +36	T +48	50%

1

2

3

4

1

Q Q₀ 1 n

Q_0

n

Q

2

$Q = Q_0 \cdot n$

Q_0

n

1

n

Q

3

$Q = Q_0 \cdot P_1^{1+n_2} / (P_1 + P_2 \cdot n_2)$

Q_0

P_1

Q

P

2 $P = P_0/n_1$

P_0

n_1 1 n_1

P

3 $P = P_0 \frac{P_1 + P_2}{n_1 + n_2}$

P_0

P_1

P_2

n_2

P

4 $P = P_0 - v$

P_0

v

P



11

22

1

-

2

3

4

1

22

$$c = SN(d_1) - Xe^{-r(T-t)}N(d_2)$$

$$c =$$

$$d_1 = \left[\ln(S/X) + (r + \sigma^2/2)(T-t) \right] / \sigma\sqrt{T-t}$$

$$d_2 = d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t}$$

$$S =$$

$$X =$$

$$T =$$

$$T-t =$$

$$r =$$

$$\sigma =$$

$$N(.)$$

$$\ln$$

1

S=12

2011

20

2

X=10.15

3

r 2010

4

3

1		2.6%
2		3.1%
3		3.73%
4	2010 7 26	30
		14.68%

1	2.18
2	2.60
3	3.09

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 1100 \qquad \qquad \qquad 2.18 \quad *40\% \\
 2.60 \quad *30\% + 3.09 \quad *30\% \quad 2.579 \\
 & 1100 \quad *2.579 \quad = 2836.90
 \end{aligned}$$

2

T

1

2 T

3

1 T

2 T+1

1

3 T+2

1

4 T+3

1

2010 11 20

									<i>24,167</i>
	9%	12%	18%						

1

2009

11

75%

80%

11

3.4

65%

2

70%

2008

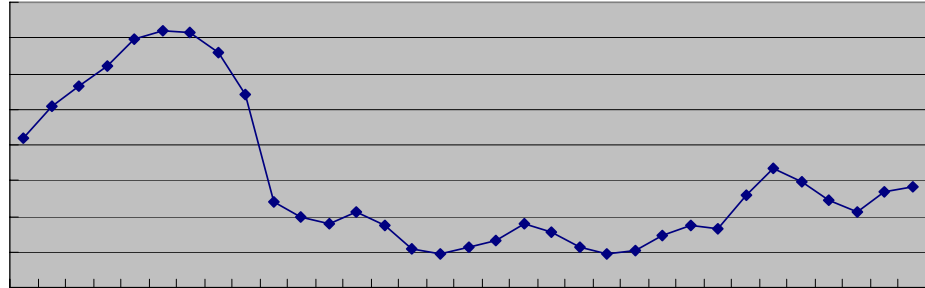
2008

6

7105

/

2009 4 3965 /



3

2009

20%

44%

1

2008

2007



20%

2

20%

3

2009



GRANDALL LEGAL GROUP



1

3

2

1

2

3

4

5

1

[2002] 22
2002 5 22
4,000 1 3.61 /
2002 5 28 11,000 2002 6 5 4,000
11,000

2

2009
2010 4 8 340000000022295

38,700

3

4

2005 11

5

2009

1

5%

2

1

2

3

3

1 1220

1 A

38,700

3.2% 10

2

3 1220

1100 120

10%

1100

		40	3.3%	0.10%
		40	3.3%	0.10%
		35	2.9%	0.09%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		20	1.6%	0.05%
		15	1.2%	0.04%

		15	1.2%	0.04%
	-	225	18.4%	0.6%
103	-	875	71.7%	2.3%
		120	9.8%	0.3%
		1220	100%	3.2%

1 225

2 103

875

1%

1

2

R. \. % Ñ D . A P Ü \. H . Å f ' i S £ p x , W ê ' i S £ p t ... ~ b 0 / Ô z | y ì 7 @ • } M ç , Å q
 Å 0 % ! ~ b > j A - z 7 Ö S D 0

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10.15 /

10.15

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10.15 /

2

30

9.30 /

2

1

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30

1

1

2

2

1

2

	2009	15%	2010
	2009	30%	2011
	2009	70%	2012

20%

3

4

3

1

T +12 T +30	40%
T +24 T +42	30%
T +36 T +48	30%

2

12

T +24 T +42	50%
T +36 T +48	50%

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7

12

8

9

2

2

10

1

$$Q = Q_0 (1 + n)^n$$

Q

$$Q = Q_0 (1 + n)^n$$

$$Q = Q_0 \left(1 + \frac{P_1 + P_2 + \dots + P_n}{Q_0} \right)^n$$

2

$$P = P_0 (1 + n)^n$$

$$P = P_0 / n_1$$

$$P = P_0 \times (P_1 + P_2 \times n_2) / (P_1 \times 1 + n_2)$$

$$P = P_0 - v$$

3

1

1

2

3

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3

2010 7 26

2010

4

2010 7 26

2010

1

2

1 2010 7 28

2010

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3

4

5



國浩律師集團(上海)事務所
GRANDALL LEGAL GROUP (SHANGHAI)

:

T +12 T +30	40%
T +24 T +42	30%
T +36 T +48	30%

T +24 T +42	50%
T +36 T +48	50%

—

2010	2010	2.01 12.5%
2011	2011	2.27 12.5%
2012	2012	2.97 12.5%

